

Cancer **STATS & FACTS** for Ohio **BREAST CANCER**

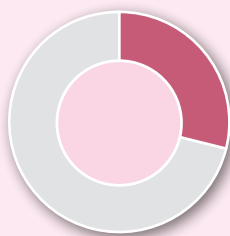
October 2020

Who Gets Breast Cancer?

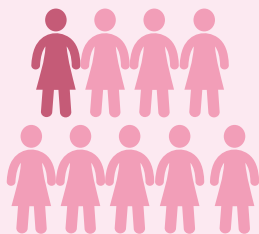
In Ohio in 2017, **9,830** cases of female breast cancer were diagnosed.

Breast cancer accounted for **29%** of all cancers in women in Ohio in 2017.

Men can also get breast cancer; **76** men in Ohio were diagnosed in 2017.



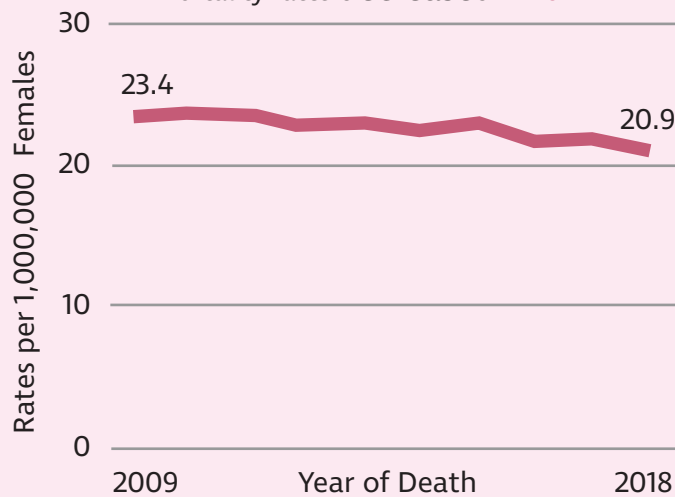
1 in 9 women in the United States who live to be age 85 will develop breast cancer.



Breast Cancer Deaths

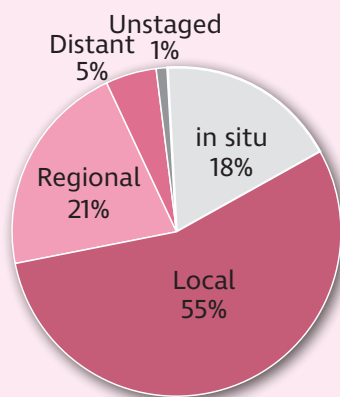
Breast cancer ranks **2nd** in cancer deaths among women, after lung and bronchus cancer.

In the past 10 years, Ohio's female breast cancer mortality rates **decreased 11%**.



Early Detection Is Important

In Ohio in 2017, **73%** of female breast cancers were diagnosed at an early stage (*in situ* and local stage combined).



Nearly **100%** of women in Ohio diagnosed with early stage breast cancer that has not spread **SURVIVE 5 YEARS.**

28% of women diagnosed with breast cancer that has **spread** to distant organs **SURVIVE 5 YEARS.**

Get Screened for Breast Cancer

Regular mammograms can help find breast cancer early.

- The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommends mammogram screening every two years for women ages 50-74 who are at average risk.
- The decision to start screening mammography prior to age 50 should be an individual one. However, women with a parent, sibling, or child with breast cancer are at higher risk for breast cancer and thus may benefit more than average-risk women from beginning screening in their 40s.

The **Breast and Cervical Cancer Screening Project** offers no-cost breast and cervical cancer screenings and diagnostic testing to qualified participants. Call 1-844-430-BCCP for more information.

For more information, see the ODH [Cancer Data and Statistics](#) webpage.

Sources: Ohio Cancer Incidence Surveillance System and Bureau of Vital Statistics, Ohio Department of Health, 2020; U.S. Preventive Services Task Force.